

# Graphical Analysis Using Google Sheets

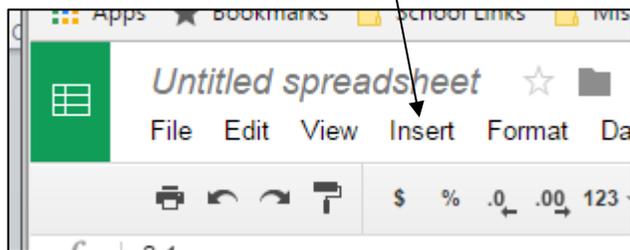
In this lesson you will learn to fit a data set to a linear equation using google sheets rather than going through all the manual steps of graphing. You will be inputting the following data into computer and generating a graph of the data and using a curve fitting application to calculate the slope of the line. If your graph is not linear, you can easily modify and plot a linearized graph.

1) Open google sheets and input the following data:

Time (sec)	Displacement (meters)
0.1	0.25
0.2	0.48
0.3	0.76
0.4	0.99
0.5	1.26

0.1	0.25
0.2	0.48
0.3	0.76
0.4	0.99
0.5	1.26

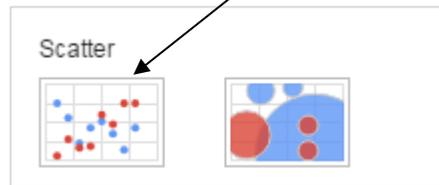
Highlight the data and select {insert} {chart}



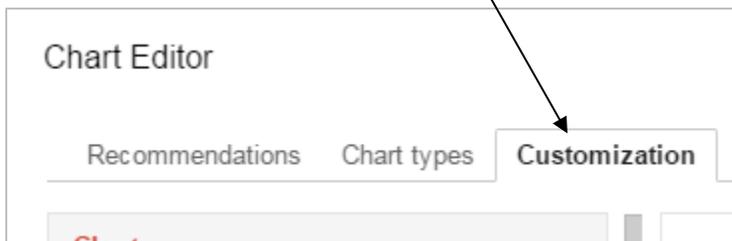
The chart editor menu will pop up. Select Chart type.



Select Scatter Graph



Select the Customization tab from the chart editor menu.



2) Now you are ready to add axis labels and titles to your graph.

The screenshot shows the 'Chart' configuration panel. At the top, the word 'Chart' is in red. Below it, there are controls for the main title: a 'Title' label, bold and italic buttons, a font size dropdown set to '16', and a color selection dropdown. The title text 'Displacement Vs Time' is entered in the text field. Below the title, there are controls for the legend: a 'Legend' label, a dropdown menu set to 'Inside', bold and italic buttons, a font size dropdown set to '12', and a color selection dropdown.

Add a title to your graph

Change the legend to "inside"

The screenshot shows the 'Axis' configuration panel for a horizontal axis. The 'Axis' dropdown is set to 'Horizontal'. Below it, there are controls for the axis title: a 'Title' label, bold and italic buttons, a font size dropdown set to '15', and a color selection dropdown. The title text 'Time (s)' is entered in the text field. Below the title, there are controls for the axis labels: a label 'Axis labels', bold and italic buttons, a font size dropdown set to '12', and a color selection dropdown.

Add a title (label) to the horizontal (x) axis

The screenshot shows the 'Axis' configuration panel for a vertical axis. The 'Axis' dropdown is set to 'Left vertical'. Below it, there are controls for the axis title: a 'Title' label, bold and italic buttons, a font size dropdown set to '12', and a color selection dropdown. The title text 'Displacement (m)' is entered in the text field. Below the title, there are controls for the axis labels: a label 'Axis labels', bold and italic buttons, a font size dropdown set to '12', and a color selection dropdown.

Change the axis to Vertical

Add Vertical label

3) Now you are ready to plot the line of best fit and find the slope of the line.

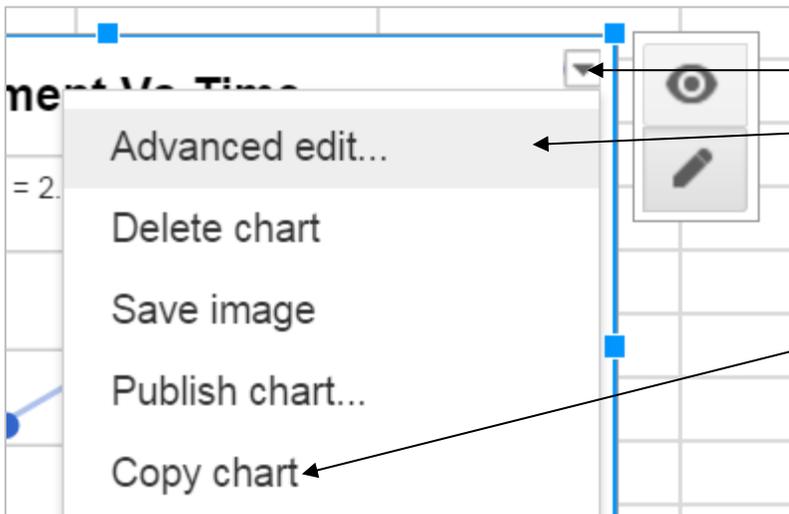


Add a linear trend Line to your Graph

Select Use Equation



Select insert to add your graph to your sheet.



To edit your graph:

- 1) Pull down the menu
- 2) Select Advanced Edit...

To copy your graph into a doc:

- 1) Select "Copy chart"
- 2) Paste in your doc

Graphing multiple data sets on one graph:

Suppose you have two sets of data that you want to display on the same graph. For example you may have displacement time data for two different carts that you want to plot on the same graph. Construct a data table with an x-axis and two y axis' as and highlight all the data shown to the right:

$f_x$	0.1	A	B	C
2		Time(sec)	Displacement (meters)	
3			Cart 1	Cart 2
4	0.1		0.28	0.51
5	0.2		0.44	0.68
6	0.3		0.76	1.16
7	0.4		0.95	1.48
8	0.5		1.27	1.95
9				

Use the same process to construct a graph and add the trendline. You will notice that the trendline is only applied to the first set of data. To add a trendline to the other data sets do the following:

Recommendations Chart types Customization

Series Data series 2

Color 

Point size 7px

Point shape Circle

Data labels None **B** *I* 12 

Error bars 10 None

Trendline None

Page up slightly & select Data series 2

Add the Trendline and equation to your graph

Your Graph will now show both data sets with equations for both lines:

