Electrostatics Honors Physics 2011/12

.11

$$F = \frac{Kq_1q_2}{d^2} \quad K = 9.0 \times 10^9 \frac{Nm^2}{C^2} \qquad 1 \ \text{y C} = 10^{-6} \ \text{C}$$

Coulomb's Law Problem Set 2

 A sphere carrying a charge of + 2.5 ų C is placed 0.25m from a sphere carrying a charge of - 0.50 μC. What is the force between the two spheres? (0.18 N)

$$F = Kq, q_2 = \frac{(q_{X/0}^{q})(2.5 \times 10^{6})(0.5 \times 10^{6})}{(0.25)^2} = 0.1BN$$
AHRACTION

2. Two equally charged spheres that exert a force on each other of 0.900 N when separated by a distance of 0.65m. What is the magnitude of the two charges? (6.5 ų C)

$$F = \frac{Kqq_2}{d^2} = \frac{Kq^2}{d^2} \quad 0.q = \frac{q \times 10^q q^2}{(0.65)^2} \quad q^2 = 4.225 \times 10$$

$$q_1 = q_2 = q \quad 0.q = 2.13 \times 10 q^2 \quad q = \sqrt{4.225 \times 10^{-11}}$$

$$q_2 = 0.q/2.13 \times 10^{10} \quad q = \frac{q_2}{10} = \frac{10^2}{10} \quad q = \frac{10^2}{10} = \frac{10^2}{10$$

3. A charge of 8.0 x 10^{-6} C is attracted by a second charge with a 0.350 N force when the separation between them is 0.15m. Calculate the magnitude of the second charge (0.11 μ C)

$$F = \frac{Kq_{1}q_{2}}{d^{2}}$$

$$0.35 = \frac{q_{X/0}^{q}(8x/0^{-6})q}{(.15)^{2}}$$

$$q = 0.35/320000$$

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$$q = 1.1 \times 10^{-7}$$

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$$q = 0.11 \times 10^{-7}$$

$$q = 0.11 \times 10^{-6}$$

$$Right$$

$$Subtract$$

4. What is the distance between two spheres, one with a charge of 3.5 x 10⁻⁶ C and the other with a charge of 5.5 x 10⁻⁶ C, when the force between them is 0.025 N? (2.6 m)

$$F \cdot d^{2} = Kq_{1}q_{2}$$

$$0.025 d^{2} = q_{10}q^{9}(5.5 \times 10^{-6})(3.5 \times 10^{-6}) = 173.25 \times 10^{-3}$$

$$d^{2} = \frac{173.25 \times 10^{-3}}{0.025} = 6.93$$

$$d = \sqrt{6.93} = 2.63 \text{ m}$$

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